

GBCS Curriculum			GRADE:		SUBJECT:			
Topic	Pacing	Unit	Standards	Enduring Understandings & Essential Questions	Learning Targets	Vocabulary	Materials	Assessments
Early People		1	Quick review to start the year, no standards for high school	Unit 1: What are the consequences of technology? Unit 1: What evidence supports humans becoming more complex and developing religious beliefs		archaeologist, geologist, artifact		
Judaism		2	4.1.2 World Religions – 4.1.3 Trade Networks and Contacts –	How are religion and culture connected? How did religious and ethical teachings of Judaism influence later religions and civilizations?		monotheism Torah covenant prophet Diaspora synagogue		
India		3	4.1.2 World Religions – 4.1.3 Trade Networks and Contacts	Unit 3: How does geography affect people's lives? Unit 3: What similarities and differences exist between Buddhism and Hinduism?		caste reincarnation, karma meditate, nirvana enlightenment		

China		3	<p>4.1.2 World Religions 4.1.3 Trade Networks and Contacts 4.2.2 Unification of Eurasia under the Mongols 4.3.3 China to 1500 5.3.2 East Asia through the 18th Century 6.2.1 Political Revolutions 6.3.2 East Asia – Analyze the political, economic, and social transformations in East Asia</p>	<p>Unit 3: How does geography affect people's lives? Unit 3: What similarities and differences exist between Buddhism and Hinduism?</p>		<p>loess Mandate of Heaven Confucianism Daoism</p>		
Islam/Byzantine		6	<p>4.1.2 World Religions – 4.1.3 Trade Networks and Contacts – between societies including 4.2.1 Growth of Islam and Dar al-Islam 4.3.4 The Eastern European System and the Byzantine Empire to 1500 5.3.1 Ottoman Empire through the 18th Century 8.2.3 Middle East</p>	<p>Unit 6: What distinguishes one culture from another? Unit 6: What were the religious ramifications of the split of the Byzantine Empire?</p>		<p>Byzantine iconoclast pope Great Schism missionary Justinian's Code Kaaba Hajj Quran Sunni Shia caliph sultan</p>		
Africa		7	<p>4.1.2 World Religions –4.1.3 Trade Networks and Contacts 4.3.1 Africa to 1500 5.1.1 Emerging Global System 5.2.2 Trans-African and Trans-Atlantic Slave Systems 6.1.2 World-wide Migrations and Population Changes 6.3.3 Africa – Evaluate the different experiences of African societies north and south of the Sahara with</p>	<p>Unit 7: What are the consequences of trade? Unit 7: What was the impact of the gold-salt trade on African empires?</p>		<p>Trans-Saharan caravan dynasty monk lineage oral tradition</p>		

Early North and South America		8	4.3.2 The Americas to 1500 5.1.1 Emerging Global System 5.2.1 European Exploration/Conquest and Columbian Exchange 5.3.6 Latin America through the 18th Century	Unit 8: What distinguishes one culture from another? Unit 8: What distinguishes one culture from another? Unit 8: What role did agriculture play in mesoamerica?		hieroglyphic slash and burn agriculture aqueduct absolute monarchy hierachy artifact		
Europe and the Middle Ages		9	4.1.2 World Religions –4.1.3 Trade Networks and Contacts – 4.2.3 The Plague	Unit 9: What is power? Who should have it? ? Unit 9: How does Europe's geography effect it's people?		medieval clergy monastrary convent sacrament pagan saint vassal fief knight mannor serf excommunicate Magna Carta Crusades		
Rise of Europe		10	4.1.3 Trade Networks and Contacts – 5.3.4 Russia through the 18th Century5.3.5 Europe through the 18th Century 6.2.3 Industrialization	Unit 10: What distinguishes one culture from another? Unit 10: What was the impact did Martin Luther's protest of corruption in the Catholic Church?		Renaissance humanism vernacular utopia satire reformation indulgence recant counter reformation jesuits council of Trent annulement federalism		

Early Modern World: European Colonization and Revolutions		11	<p>4.1.3 Trade Networks and Contacts – 5.1.1 Emerging Global System 5.2.1 European Exploration/Conquest and Columbian Exchange 6.1.1 Global Revolutions 6.1.2 World-wide Migrations and Population Changes 6.1.3 Increasing Global Interconnections 6.1.4 Changes in Economic and Political Systems 6.2.1 Political Revolutions 6.2.4 Imperialism 6.3.1 Europe – Analyze the economic, political, and social transformations in Europe 7.3.1 Russian Revolution</p>	Unit 11: Why do people move? Unit 11: What impact did European rivals have in the America's?		missions pilgrims Treaty of Paris Indentured Servents Middle Passage Triangular Trade inflation divine rights tsar puritans English Bill of Rights constitutional monarchy Feminism Social Contract natural rights Napoleonic Code estate		
Modern World		12	<p>7.2.1 World War I 7.2.2 Inter-war Period –</p>	Unit 12: What are the consequences of technology? Unit 12: How did problems caused by industrialization lead to new economic thought?		nationalism socialism communism industrial revolution imperialsim assembly line suffrage militarism propaganda Central Powers		

